

Major Objectives

- 1. Determine whether savings still persisted after more than two-years after treatment had stopped (Persistence)
- 2. Examine how persistent savings impacted cost-effectiveness (Cost-effectiveness)
- 3. Explore the connection between behavioral program participation and outside program participation
- 4. Analyze whether deeper measure adoption (Adoption)

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Program Design (study groups and sub-groups)

Program Component	Year 1	Year 2
Treatment Period	January 2011 to April 2012	July 2012 to June 2013
Study Group Size	48,000	68,500
Control Group Size	24,000	34,500
Active Treatment Group Size	24,000	18,000
Discontinued Treatment Group Size	0	16,000
Pre-program usage type	High users only (1,600 kWh)	High-use (1,600 kWh) Average-use (700 kWh)
	10,000	18,000 in total
Monthly Sub-treatment Group (received reports for 16 months)		8,000 continued high-users [Extension]
()		10,000 new average users [Expansion]
Quarterly Sub-treatment Group (received reports every three months for a year)	10,000	No
Persistence Sub-treatment Group (received monthly reports, but only for eight months)	4,000	No



Key Takeaway

- Households receiving Home Energy Reports (HERs) still saved energy three years after treatment stopped
 - Savings decline about 25% for each year after treatment.
 - Persistence savings reduces total program savings to one cent per kWh saved.
 - Four years of continued treatment is estimated to cost nearly three cents per kWh saved.
 - Cycling households in on/off treatment years could result in greatest savings at lowest cost (\$0.02 per kWh saved)

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Prior Savings Results

Treatment and Sub-treatment Groups		Average daily savings (kWh)	% savings	Average Savings / HH	Average expenditure / kWh saved	
		First Year	1.07	2.17%	415 kWh	\$0.03
High-use Monthly Persis- tence	Second Year Treatment	1.19	2.31%	433 kWh	\$0.03	
	First Year Post- Treatment	1.49	3.70%	292 kWh	\$0.02	
	First Year Treatment	0.72	1.45%	429 kWh	\$0.03	
	First Year Post- Treatment	0.83	2.06%	303 kWh	\$0.02	
	First 8 Months Treatment	0.8	1.58%	427 kWh	\$0.03	
	7 Months Post- Treatment	0.52	1.06%	273 kWh	\$0.02	
	23 Months Post- Treatment	0.75	1.86%	273 KWII	\$0.02	
Average use	Monthly	First Year Treatment	0.26	1.17%	96 kWh	\$0.13
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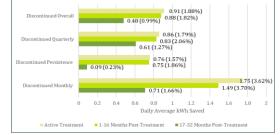
Evaluation Design

Evaluation Activity	High-use Discontinued	High-use Extension	Average-use Expansion
Persistence Analysis	Yes	No	No
CEEF Program Participation	Yes	Yes	Yes
Deeper Measure Uptake	Yes	Yes	Yes
Average Monthly Pre- program Usage (kWh)	1,663	1,650	708

Savings Persistence: Discontinued High-use Groups Billing Analysis

- Examined savings persistence for discontinued high-use households that received reports during the first year of the program using OLS regression
- · Examined overall and for three subgroups
 - Monthly received monthly reports for 16 months
 January 2011 through April 2012
 - Persistence received monthly reports for 8 months
 - January 2011 through August 2012
 - Quarterly received reports every three months for 16 months
 - January 2011 through April 2012 (received only four HERs)

Billing Analysis Measured Program Savings for High-use Discontinued Households kWh / day (Percent) by study period



High-use Discontinued Monthly group saw much higher savings in every study period than the other two high-use discontinued groups.



Developed Persistence Factors as Proxy for Effective Useful Life

- Technical degradation factor (TDF) refers to the rate at which savings decrease over time due to mechanical or behavior degradation
 - Very little literature on TDF so usually incorporated into effective useful life (EUL)
- Persistence factor
 - Years of Post-treatment savings x Average Savings Retention
 - Average savings retention limited to year with significant posttreatment savings
- Total savings per treatment group
 - Treatment savings + [Treatment savings x Persistence factor]

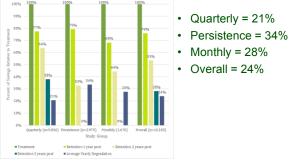
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Total Measured Billing Analysis Savings per High-use Household Discontinued Treatment Sub-groups

- All Discontinued Sub-group program induced savings have been measured 4 times
- Discontinued Quarterly = 1,093 kWh (treatment + three years significant savings post)
- Discontinued Persistence = 733 kWh (treatment + two years significant savings post)
- Discontinued Monthly = 1,694 kWh (treatment + two years significant savings post)
 - Treatment savings unusually high (3% compared to 1.5% to 2.2% for other high-use groups including discontinued and extension)

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Measured Persistence informs Cost Effectiveness: Savings to Expenditure Ratio

- Applied measured persistence findings to explore program design options that maximize savings to cost ratio
- Created a simple calculation of savings
 over program budget
- Compare hypothetical "cycling" treatment design to continual treatment



Cost per Savings: Discontinued High-use Sub-groups: based on measured savings

Savings Period	Quarterly Group	Persistence Group	Monthly Group
Cost / savings Treatment plus two years post	\$0.01	\$0.02	\$0.007
Program savings treatment plus two years post	9,301,501	2,916,289	2,829,665
Cost / savings Treatment plus three years post	\$0.01	-	
Program savings Treatment plus three years post	10,768,468		
Program Expenditure	\$113,527	\$45,833	\$19,926
Sample Size	9,856	3,979	1,670

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• Each Sub-group has been evaluated three times

• Quarterly Group treatment plus post period covers a four year period

- Persistence and Monthly treatment plus post period covers a three year period
 - The fourth year program impact measurement for the Persistence
 and Monthly Groups did not show any significant savings.

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Extended Treatment and Continuous Treatment Design: High-use Sub-groups

	Savings presented at the Household level			
	Quarterly-High-use	Monthly High- use	Persistence High-use	
Cumulative Savings: Treatment and Post, based on billing analysis	1,093	1,694	733	
Cumulative: Cost per kWh saved	\$0.011	\$0.007	\$0.016	
Cumulative: Years Post Savings	3	2	2	
Hypothetical Savings: Two Years				
Treatment, Two Years Post	1,335	2,491	1,079	
Hypothetical Cost per kWh saved: Two Years Treatment, Two Years Post	\$0.018	\$0.010	\$0.022	
Hypothetical Savings: Four Years Continual Treatment	1,565	3,185	1,383	
Hypothetical Cost per kWh saved: Four Years Continual Treatment	\$0.031	\$0.015	\$0.035	



Cycling Design: All High-use Households

	Group A	Group B	Group C	Continued
Year 1	Treatment	n/a	n/a	Treatment
Year 2	Persistence	Treatment	n/a	Treatment
Year 3	Persistence	Persistence	Treatment	Treatment
Year 4	Treatment	Persistence	Persistence	Treatment
Accumulated Savings (kWh)	1,298	882	699	1715
Accumulated Cost	\$24.00	\$12.00	\$12.00	\$48.00
Accumulated Cost/Savings	\$0.018	\$0.014	\$0.017	\$0.028
Total Accumulated Savings (kWh)		2,879		1,715
Total Accumulated Cost		\$48.00		\$48.00
Total Accumulated Cost/Savings		\$0.017		\$0.028
Achieve 68% greater savings from this Cycling scenario at 61% of the cost/savings				

Participation in Other CEEF Programs

- Matched all HERs program study groups to HES, HES-IE, and Rebate Program databases from 2011 through April 2015
 - Discontinued High-use Groups
 - High-use Extension Group
 - Average-use Expansion Group
 - All Control Households
- Compared participation rates
 - Simple comparison
 - Statistical comparison using Chi Square tests

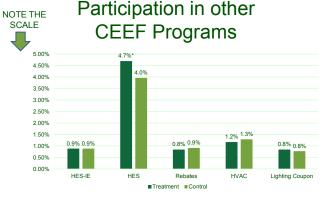
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- Did HERs treatment households adopt deeper measures at a greater rate?
- Is double counting an issue?
- · Measures included
 - Insulation (attic & wall)
 - Furnaces & Boilers
 - Other HVAC
 - Refrigerators & Freezers
 - Heat Pump Water Heater
 - Windows







Home Energy Reports boosted participation in Home Energy Solution only $-\,0.7\%$ higher for treatment group over control group



Deeper Measure Adoption Results

- High-use Extension installed insulation at a greater rate than the control group
 - 8.9% for treatment vs. 7.1% for control
 - Received reports for more than two years
 - No statistically significant differences for any other measure or study group
- Deeper measure update very small impact on savings – less than 0.03%



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Recommendation 1: Update the PSD to Reflect Study Findings

	High-use Discontinued Quarterly	High-use Discontinued Persistence	High-use Discontinued Monthly
Treatment Savings in kWh1	391	346	796
Persistent Factor (Use in place of EUL)	1.79	1.12	1.13
Years of Post-treatment Savings	3	2	2

Year 2 findings suggest that you NOT apply these to High-use Extension or Average-use Expansion

Recommendation 2: Continue to Assume Realization Rate of 100% for the Treatment Period

- Study did not have access to Eversource's savings estimates
- Lacking contrary evidence, should keep current estimate of 100%

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Recommendation 3: Eversource should consider most appropriate length and duration of treatment

- Cycling could achieve greater savings for same cost as continual treatment
- Other designs that could take advantage of both treatment and persistence savings
- Must also consider issues of equity, feasibility, savings from long-term treatment

Recommendation 4: Do NOT adjust

HERs savings estimates to avoid double counting

- Findings suggest that HERs savings do not need to be adjusted for double counting
- Eversource should closely monitor savings rates in HERs, adoption rates of deeper measures
 - Especially insulation, whole-house treatment with HPwES program
 - If rates increase, then may need to make adjustments (to be determined)
- Some jurisdictions do adjust for double counting, considered "best practice"
 - Greater rates of deeper measure adoption and/or savings from deeper measures

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Link to Report

Final report will be posted on CTEEB website within the next few days.

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